

# **Napier City Council Stormwater Bylaw 2020**

#### 1. Title

1.1 This bylaw is the Stormwater Bylaw 2020.

#### 2. Commencement

2.1 This bylaw comes into force on 1 February 2020.

#### 3. Purposes

- 3.1 The purposes of this bylaw are to:
  - protect the public stormwater system, and the land, structures, and infrastructure associated with that network from damage, misuse or loss.
  - b) manage the development, maintenance and use of the public stormwater network, and the land, structures, and infrastructure associated with that network, and provide for the conditions on which connections to the public stormwater network may be made or maintained.
  - c) ensure that discharges into the public stormwater network are appropriately managed at source, and do not damage the network or compromise the Council's ability to comply with any applicable network discharge consent and Council's water quality targets for receiving environments.

#### 4. Definitions

4.1 In this bylaw, unless the context otherwise requires;

**Approval** means a written approval issued by Council in accordance with the process set out in clauses 9 – 11 below; or an equivalent approval issued by Council prior to this bylaw commencing

**Best Practicable Option** has the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act 1991

Contaminant has the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act 1991

**Control** means a prohibition, restriction or control relating to stormwater management specified in any guideline or Code of Practice confirmed by a Council resolution after giving consideration to the views and preferences of persons likely to be affected by, or have an interest in, the matter.

**Council** means the Napier City Council or any authorised officer.

**Industrial or trade premises** has the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act 1991.

**Manager** means a person who controls or manages any premises, or any activity or event on any premises, or operates a part of the stormwater network on the premises,

regardless of whether that person is the owner of those premises or that part of the stormwater network.

**Nuisance** has the same meaning as in section 29 of the Health Act 1956 and in the context of this bylaw includes:

- (a) danger to life;
- (b) danger to public health;
- (c) flooding of any building floor or sub-floor, or public road;
- (d) damage to property;
- (e) damage to the stormwater network;
- (f) erosion or subsidence of land;
- (g) adverse effects on the environment;
- (h) adverse loss of riparian vegetation;
- (i) anything that causes a breach or potential breach of any stormwater discharge consent condition binding the Council (including an accumulation of chemicals causing a breach).

**Owner** means the person who owns premises from which stormwater originates or on which stormwater is located.

**Private Stormwater System** means any component of the stormwater network that drains water from premises on private land to a receiving environment or up to the point of service connection with the public stormwater network and includes pipes, gutters, downpipes, catchpits, swales, subsoil drains, stormwater treatment devices, and any stormwater management device or redundant stormwater system.

**Public Stormwater Network** means any component of the stormwater network vested in, or under the control of, the Council, whether or not any part of the network passes through private land.

**Redundant system** means a system, structure or device that has been replaced by another system, structure or device and is no longer required as part of the stormwater network under any building consent or resource consent condition or engineering approval related to the site.

**Regulated Stormwater** means any stormwater which:

- (a) Contains contaminants;
- (b) Discharges from industrial or trade premises:
- (c) Is required by a Control to obtain an Approval.

**Service connection** has the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 2002.

**Stormwater** means surface water run-off resulting from rainfall.

**Stormwater management device** means a device or facility used to reduce stormwater runoff volume, flow and/or contaminant loads prior to discharge. Including, but not limited to:

- rain gardens
- porous paving
- infiltration trenches
- sand filters
- green roofs
- wetlands
- ponds
- rain water tanks
- propriety devices.

**Stormwater network** includes any land, structure or infrastructure associated with stormwater drainage, including but not limited to:

- (a) open drains and watercourses, overland flow paths, drainage reserves, inlet structures, pipes and other conduits, manholes, chambers, traps, outlet structures, pumping stations, attenuation and treatment structures, and devices;
- (b) the public stormwater network; and
- (c) private stormwater systems.

**Environmental management plan** means a plan, howsoever named, which relates to a specific site and/or activity being carried out on the site and addresses the specific stormwater management approach for that site and/or activity.

**Explanatory Note:** This definition encompasses 'pollution prevention plans', 'urban site specific stormwater management plans', 'operation and maintenance plans' and other documents meeting the purpose described in the definition.

- 4.2 Unless the context requires another meaning, a term or expression that is defined in the Council's Introductory Bylaw 2014 and used but not defined in this bylaw has the meaning given by the Introductory Bylaw 2014.
- 4.3 Unless the context requires another meaning, a term or expression that is defined in the Act and used, but not defined, in this bylaw or the Introductory Bylaw 2014 has the meaning given by the Act.

#### 5. Protection of the Public Stormwater Network

- 5.1 No person shall:
  - a) cause or allow to be caused, any damage to the public stormwater network;
  - allow any material, chemical (including chlorine and detergents), rubbish, litter, or other substance that causes or is likely to cause a nuisance, directly into the public stormwater network;

**Explanatory Note:** Without limiting the scope of this rule, but for the avoidance of doubt, swimming or spa pool water arising from emptying or backwashing may not be discharged into the stormwater network. Disposal of such water is to the wastewater network as provided for in the Wastewater Drainage Bylaw.

- deposit or permit any material, chemical (including chlorine and detergents), rubbish, litter, or other substance likely to cause a nuisance on entering the public stormwater network, to be located so that it is likely to enter the public stormwater network in any storm event;
- d) obstruct any stormwater network, in a manner that adversely affects or may affect the efficiency and/or safety of the public stormwater network;
- e) remove vegetation from or damage vegetation in any wetland on a premises that the person owns, occupies, or manages, if the removal or damage is likely to adversely affect the ability of the wetland to contribute to the performance of the stormwater network, unless the Council approves or that person is expressly authorised by an operative resource consent.
- 5.2 Every person excavating or working around the stormwater network must take due care to ensure the excavation or work does not damage and/or compromise the integrity of the public stormwater network.
- 5.3 Any person who knows of damage to the public stormwater network must report it to the Council immediately.

### 6. Approvals for works affecting Stormwater Network

- 6.1 A person must obtain an Approval before:
  - Erecting any structure on, over, or within the distance from the public stormwater network specified in any relevant Control confirmed by Council prior to these works;
  - b) undertaking any excavation or work that is likely to result in damage to the public stormwater network;
  - removing any existing cover material or placing any additional material over the public stormwater network that is likely to result in damage to the public stormwater network;
  - d) covering any stormwater inlet, outlet, treatment device, service opening or manhole in a way that is likely to restrict access to the public stormwater network or detrimentally affect the performance of the public stormwater network; or
  - e) causing a temporarily or permanently sustained excessive load on the public stormwater network that is likely to result in damage to the network.

#### 7. Connections to Public Stormwater Network

- 7.1 No person may, without an Approval:
  - a) make any new service connection to the public stormwater network; or

b) alter or modify any part of the public stormwater network or the hydraulic performance of the public stormwater network.

**Explanatory Note:** Where the approval sought under clause 6.1, or a connection sought under 7.1, relates to a development requiring resource consent the approval process under this bylaw will be undertaken as part of the Engineering Approval or Building Consent processes

#### 8. Discharges to Public Stormwater Network

8.1 From the date of commencement of this Bylaw, no person may discharge, directly or indirectly, Regulated Stormwater, into the public stormwater network without an Approval.

**Explanatory Note:** For the avoidance of doubt, Regulated Stormwater can not be discharged into the Napier City Council stormwater network without either an existing authorisation or a new approval. Discharges into drains owned and managed by the Hawke's Bay Regional Council (HBRC), or other receiving environments, may require consent from HBRC under the Regional Resource Management Plan and pursuant to the Resource Management Act 1991 and its amendments.

#### 9. Private Stormwater Systems

- 9.1 The owner, occupier and manager of a private stormwater system must ensure that the system:
  - a) Complies with any relevant Control confirmed by Council prior to the installation of the system; and
  - b) is maintained in good operating condition; and
  - c) does not cause or contribute to nuisance.
- 9.2 The owner, occupier, or manager of a premises that has a soakage system as part of a private stormwater system must ensure that the soakage system disposes of the stormwater from the site in accordance with any Control.
- 9.3 The owner, occupier or manager of a private stormwater management device must, on request by the Council:
  - a) provide such information as is required to demonstrate that the stormwater management device is operated and maintained to achieve its purpose and not cause nuisance in a storm event; and
  - b) carry out such works as are required to ensure the stormwater management device meets its purpose.
- 9.4 The owner, occupier or manager of a private on-site stormwater management device must:
  - a) keep a copy of the operations and maintenance manual (owner's manual) and as built drawings for the device available; and
  - b) produce that copy of the owner's manual and as built drawings upon request by the Council.
- 9.5 The owner of a redundant system must remove or de-commission a redundant system if required by the Council to do so and within the time specified by Council.

9.6 The owner of a redundant system that has been removed or de- commissioned must ensure that the premises on which the system is located or was previously located is restored to the satisfaction of the Council.

#### 10. Applications for Approval

- 10.1 An application to obtain the approval of the Council under this bylaw must be:
  - a) made in the prescribed form; and
  - b) accompanied by:
    - (i) payment of the application and processing fees; and
    - (ii) a proposed environmental management plan, if required by Council;
    - (iii) such further supporting information as the Council requires to consider the matters under clause 11.1 and process the application.

Explanatory Note: Council will generally require an environmental management plan when:

- (i) the site is occupied by a high risk industry; and/or
- (ii) the site is considered to have potential for stormwater contamination after a site assessment by Council staff: and/or
- (iii) a stormwater contamination event has occurred from the site
- 10.2 Having received and considered an application for approval, the Council may at its discretion:
  - a) grant the application subject to such conditions as the Council considers fit; or
  - **b)** decline the application.

## 11. Consideration of application for Approval

- 11.1 When considering an application for Approval, and the conditions to which the Approval will be subject should the application be granted, the Council may take into account any of the following:
  - a) Consistency with the purposes of the bylaw:
  - b) any known past operational or compliance issues which may affect, or may in the future affect, the performance of the stormwater network;
  - the characteristics, features, and nature of the infrastructure, premises, stormwater asset, device, private stormwater system, and public stormwater network;
  - d) consistency with any catchment management plan and/or integrated management plan for the catchment;
  - e) compliance with any relevant Control confirmed by Council prior to the application for Approval;
  - f) the extent to which the Approval will impact on Council's compliance with any network discharge consent;

- g) any operational policy, guidance document, or management practice approved by the Council;
- h) any potential cumulative harmful effect which may arise over time or in combination with other effects due to approvals granted by the Council in the affected sub-catchment;
- i) the complexity of the issue and the cost required to suitably resolve it;
- i) whether any other approvals are held in relation to the activity requiring Approval, such as resource consents; and
- k) Compliance with any relevant industry best-practice guidelines, including the Environmental Guidelines for Water Discharges from Petroleum Industry Sites in New Zealand (Ministry for the Environment, 1998
- I) Pollution prevention plans; and
- m) Any other reasonable considerations the Council considers appropriate, including the consideration of the best practicable option

### 12. Conditions of Approval

- 12.1 The Council may make an Approval subject to conditions addressing the following matters:
  - a) Implementation of, and ongoing compliance with, an environmental management plan which has been prepared to the satisfaction of Council;
  - b) the location, design and specifications, of the work or activity;
  - c) construction and maintenance requirements for the work or activity;
  - the specific approved point(s) of service connection into which the stormwater must be discharged;
  - e) the average and maximum volume of the discharge of stormwater, the average and maximum rate of the discharge of stormwater, and the duration of any maximum volume or rate of the discharge of stormwater;
  - the provision of appropriate screens, filters, silt traps, or other partial or preliminary pre-treatment process, equipment, or storage facilities designed to regulate the quality, quantity, and rate of discharge or other characteristics of stormwater prior to the point of discharge to the public stormwater network;
  - g) the frequency with which any equipment required by the approval must be maintained and cleaned:
  - h) the design, location, and specification of, and any material alteration to, the private stormwater system;
  - the provision of a bond or insurance in favour of the Council where failure to comply with the approval could result in damage to the public stormwater network or the Council being in breach of any statutory obligation;
  - j) recording the presence of any on-site stormwater management device as an encumbrance on the certificate of title for the premise; and

k) any other reasonable conditions the Council considers appropriate.

### 13. Maintenance and construction requirements

- 13.1 The owner, occupier or manager of a premises on which work occurs for which the Council has given Approval must comply with all conditions of the Approval.
- 13.2 The Council may inspect the work at suitable intervals and notify the owner, occupier or manager of a premises if maintenance must be carried out. Maintenance must be carried out within the advised timeframe and to the standard specified by the Council.
- 13.3 The costs associated with the inspection by the Council and maintenance required by the Council under this clause must be borne by the owner or manager of a premises, unless required otherwise by the Council.

### 14. Non-compliance with conditions of an Approval

- 14.1 Where a person does not comply with the terms and conditions of the Approval granted by the Council, including compliance with an environmental management plan for the site, without limiting Council's enforcement options, the Council will take a staged approach through the following steps:
  - Issue a written warning to the person, which may be considered as evidence of a prior breach of a condition of the approval during any subsequent review of the Approval;
  - b) Undertake a review the Approval, which may result in:
    - i) amendment of the Approval; or
    - ii) suspension of the Approval; or
  - c) Following further non-compliance with terms and conditions of an approval, after the above steps have been taken, Council will base discretion on the seriousness and impacts of that non-compliance prior to considering withdrawal of the Approval.

#### 15. Enforcement

- 15.1 It is a breach of this bylaw to fail to comply with any requirement of this bylaw.
- Owners, occupiers, and managers of premises on private land are jointly and individually responsible for compliance with this bylaw in respect of those premises.

**Explanatory Note:** In referring to owners, occupiers and manager it is the person most able to ensure compliance with the Bylaw that will be considered responsible under the bylaw

- 15.3 The Council may require the owner, occupier or manager of a premises by written notice to remedy any breach of this bylaw.
- 15.4 The Council may, pursuant to section 163 of the Local Government Act 2002:
  - remove or alter a work or thing that has been constructed in breach of this bylaw;
    and
  - recover any costs of removal or alteration from the person who committed the breach.